Imports: CIF, by origin

Overview:

In 2007, Vanuatu's exports dropped by 18.5 percent to 29.9 mln US\$ while imports increased by 26.8 percent and amounted to 201.7 mln US\$ (see tables 1, 2 and graph 1). This resulted in a trade deficit of 171.8 mln US\$ (see graph 1). Trade was in deficit with nearly all MDG regions (see graph 2). Deficit with Developed Asia-Pacific alone amounted to 102.2 mln US\$. Significant deficits were recorded with South-eastern Asia (-29.8 mln US\$), Oceania (-20.4 mln US\$) and Eastern Asia (-17.8 mln US\$). Vanuatu's trade was concentrated among a few partners: in 2007, 9 (respectively 6) major partners accounted for 80 percent of exports (respectively imports) (see graph 3).

Graph 1: Total imports, exports and trade balance

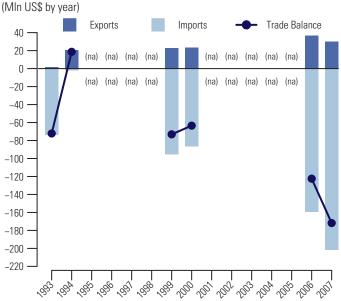


Table 1: Exports by SITC sections										
(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)										
SITC	2007	Avg. Growt 2003-2007	2007 share							
Total	29.9		-18.5	100.0						
0+1	8.7		-29.0	29.3						
2+4	10.3		30.8	34.4						
3	0.1		20099.0	0.5						
5	0.3		-29.0	1.1						
6	0.5		-3.6	1.7						
7	0.9		76.6	2.9						
8	0.8		-50.6	2.5						
9	8.3		-38.8	27.7						

Exports Profile:

In 2007, exports of inedible crude materials (except fuels), animal and vegetable oils, fats and waxes (SITC sections 2+4) increased by 30.8 percent and represented 34.4 percent of exported goods (see table 1). However, exports of food, live animals, beverages and tobacco (SITC sections 0+1) and commodities and transactions not classified elsewhere (SITC section 9) dropped respectively by 29.0 and 38.8 percent accounting for 29.3 and 27.7 percent of exported goods. Major partners for exports were Philippines, New Caledonia and Fiji (see table 4). In 2007, exports to Philippines were exclusively inedible crude materials (except fuels), animal and vegetable oils, fats and waxes (SITC sections 2+4). From 2005 to 2007, top exported products were locust beans, seaweed, sugar beet, cane, for food (HS code 1212), copra (HS code 1203) and coconut, palm kernel, babassu oil, fractions, refined (HS code 1513) (see table 3).

Table 2: Imports by SITC sections

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage) Avg. Growth rates (%) SITC 2007 2003-2007 2006-2007 share Total 201.7 26.8 100.0 0+141.0 21.7 20.3 2+44.3 72.7 2.1 3 36.5 93.0 18.1 5 13.7 -10.06.8 32.1 6 25.7 15.9 7 20.1 24.5 49.4 8 19.2 0.6 9.5 9 79.8 2.8 5.6

Table 3: Top 10	export commodities	2005	to 2007
0.4.1 1 1111 1100			

		mil	lion	022)	
					۰

HS	Value (million US\$)			Unit valu	SITC	
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System 1996	2005	2006	2007	2005 2006 2007	Unit	code
All Commodities		36.7	29.9			
9999 Commodities not elsewhere specified		13.5	8.3			931
1212 Locust beans, seaweed, sugar beet, cane, for food		6.3	4.4	11.3 14.2	US\$/kg	292
1203 Copra		2.9	4.8	0.2 0.5	US\$/kg	223
1513 Coconut, palm kernel, babassu oil, fractions, refined		1.7	4.8	0.7 0.6	US\$/kg	422
1801 Cocoa beans, whole or broken, raw or roasted		2.5	2.2	1.4 1.8	US\$/kg	072
0202 Meat of bovine animals, frozen		2.1	1.6	2.8 3.5	US\$/kg	011
4401 Fuel wood, wood in chips or particles, wood waste		1.9	0.1	0.3 2.2	US\$/kg	246
9606 Buttons, press and snap fasteners, etc		8.0	0.2	25.1 37.0	US\$/kg	899
0201 Meat of bovine animals, fresh or chilled		0.9	0.1	2.9 4.6	US\$/kg	011
4407 Wood sawn, chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled		0.5	0.3	262.8 106.4	US\$/m ³	248

Source: UN Comtrade

Graph 2: Trade Balance by MDG Regions in 2007



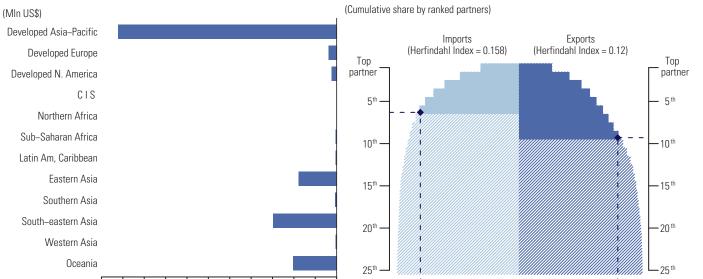


Table 4: Exports by principal countries and SITC sections in 2007 (Value in million US\$, percentages of country total)

Shares by SITC sections (%) Total 0+1 2+49 Country Total 6 World..... 29.9 29.3 34.4 0.5 1.7 2.9 2.5 27.7 100 1.1 8.0 0.0 0.0 100.0 100 Areas, nes..... Philippines..... 4.2 0.0 100.0 100 New Caledonia..... 2.9 73.6 10.4 0.0 0.3 1.9 1.3 10.4 2.1 100 Fiji..... 2.0 95.1 0.0 0.0 0.0 4.8 0.0 0.1 100 1.6 60.5 0.3 3.9 35.2 100 Japan..... Singapore..... 1.6 97.9 2.1 0.0 0.0 0.0 100 Germany..... 1.3 0.0 99.9 0.1 100 France..... 1.3 49.6 48.5 0.1 8.0 1.0 0.0 100

0.0 100.0

99.9

...

0.1

Imports Profile:

100

100

In 2007, imports were composed of 24.5 percent of machinery and transport equipment (SITC section 7) and 20.3 percent of food, live animals, beverages and tobacco (SITC sections 0+1) (see table 2). Imports of mineral fuels, lubricants and related materials (SITC section 3) increased nearly twofold (93.0 percent) and accounted for 18.1 percent of imported goods. From 2005 to 2007, top imported products were oils petroleum, bituminous, distillates, except crude (HS code 2710), rice (HS code 1006) and motor vehicles for the transport of goods (HS code 8704) (see table 5).

1.1

1.1

Belgium.....

Netherlands.....

Table 5: Top 10 import commodities 2005 to 2007							
(Value in million US\$)							
HS	Valu	e (million US	\$)	Ur	it valu	e	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System 1996	2005	2006	2007	2005 2006	2007	Unit	code
All Commodities		159.1	201.7				
2710 Oils petroleum, bituminous, distillates, except crude		17.3	34.7	0.7	0.7	US\$/kg	334
1006 Rice		7.5	7.6	0.6	0.7	US\$/kg	042
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods		3.6	8.7	16.4	<i>15.0</i> tl	hsd US\$/un	it 782
3004 Medicaments, therapeutic, prophylactic use, in dosage		7.0	3.5	59.4	49.1	US\$/kg	542
9999 Commodities not elsewhere specified		3.1	5.6				931
2523 Cement (portland, aluminous, slag or hydraulic)		3.3	3.9	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg	661
8429 Self-propelled earth moving, road making, etc machines		1.6	3.9	34.2	<i>49.8</i> tl	hsd US\$/un	it 723
8703 Motor vehicles for transport of persons (except buses)		1.5	3.3	7.8	7.4tl	hsd US\$/un	it 781
9403 Other furniture and parts thereof		2.8	2.0				821
1905 Baked bread, pastry, wafers, rice paper, biscuits, etc		2.0	2.6	1.8	2.0	US\$/kg	048

Source: UN Comtrade